

Carbon stock change in Danish forest soils since 1990 as evidenced by two repeated soil inventory networks

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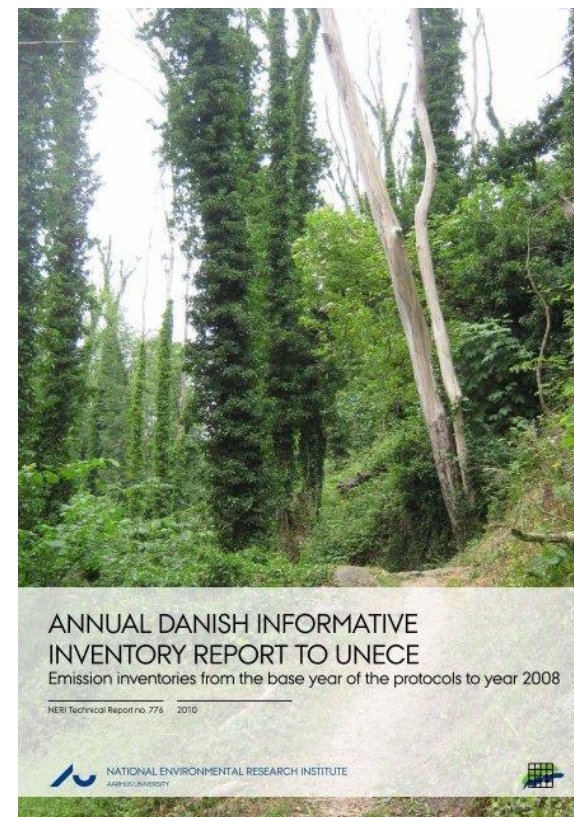
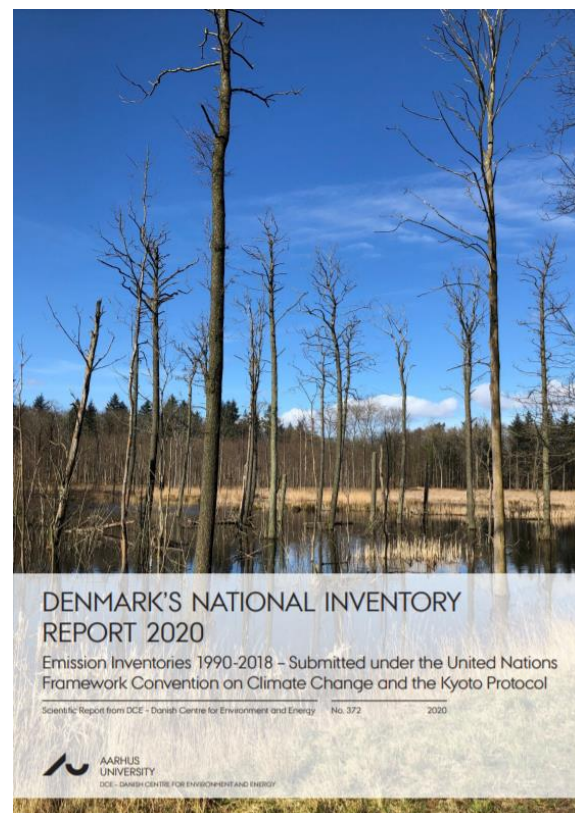
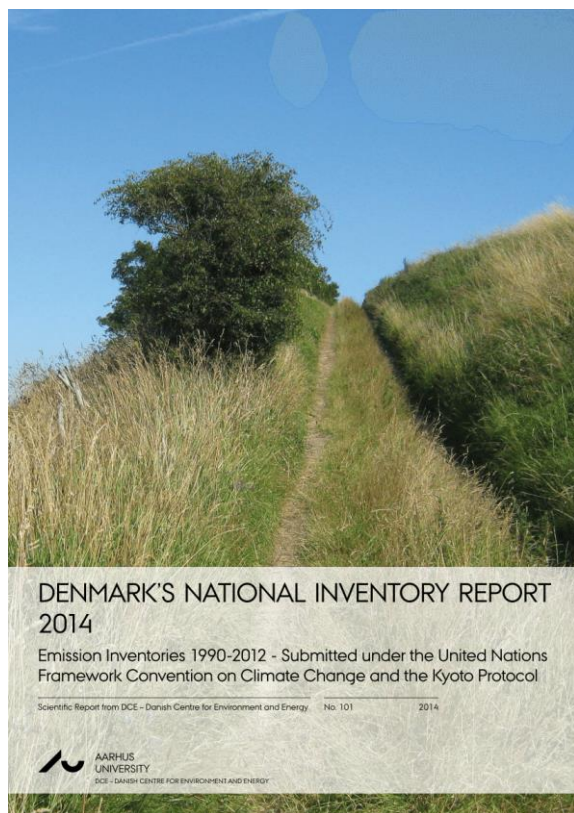
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The Danish forest soil inventory implemented through the SINKS projects to support reporting on national GHG emission reduction commitments

SINKS 2007-2011
SINKS2 2015-2021



Aims - expected improvements

- Forest soil SOC stock changes: Evidence for stable or changing forest floor and mineral soil C pools?
- Forest floor SOC stock: New pedotransfer functions based on forest floor depth to improve upscaling to national level by Danish National Forest Inventory
- Bulk density: Updated pedotransfer functions to improve estimates, especially for "organic"/ hydromorphic forest soils (> 6% C))
- Change in soil C after afforestation: Country-wide estimates of soil C change after afforestation of agricultural land) – see presentation by Lise Dalsgaard!

The inventory networks

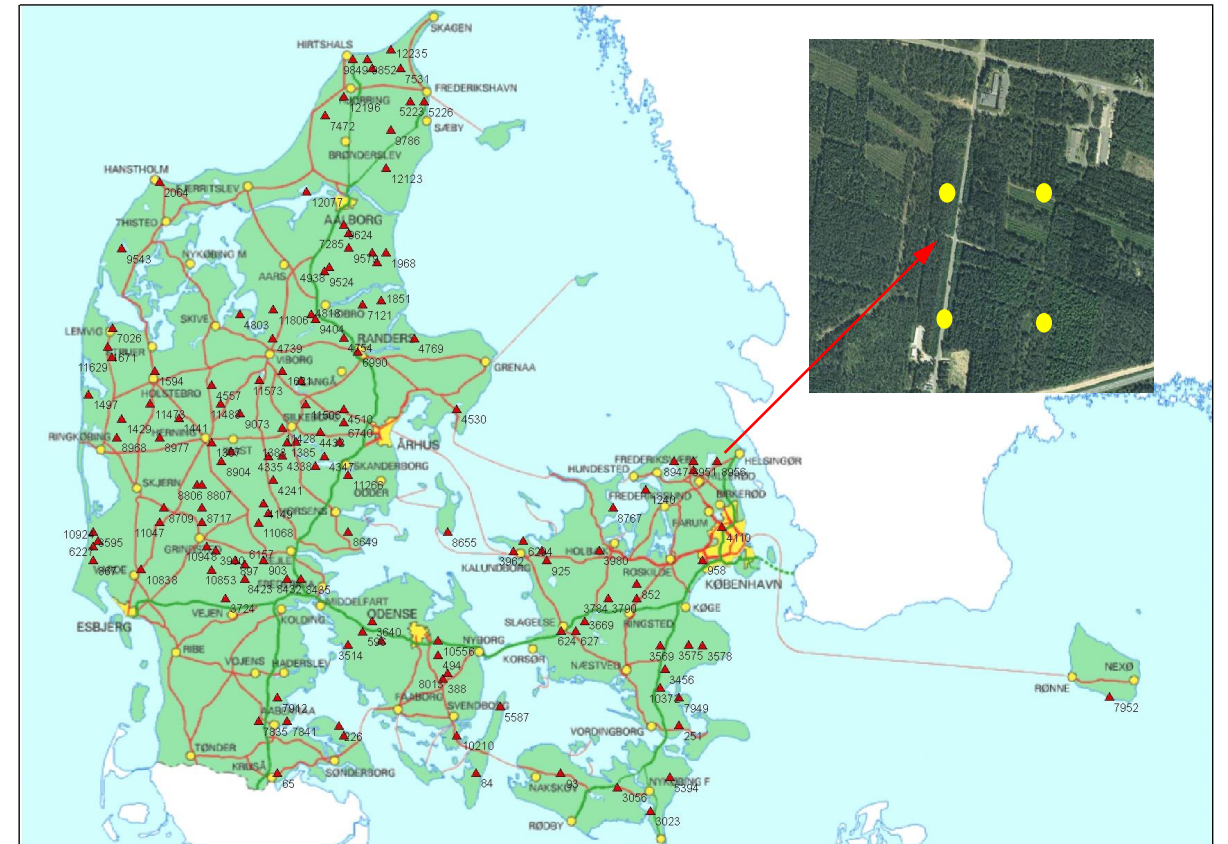
“Nitrate Network”

- 7 x 7 km
- 126 forest plots, 50 x 50 m
- 10 subsampling points per plot



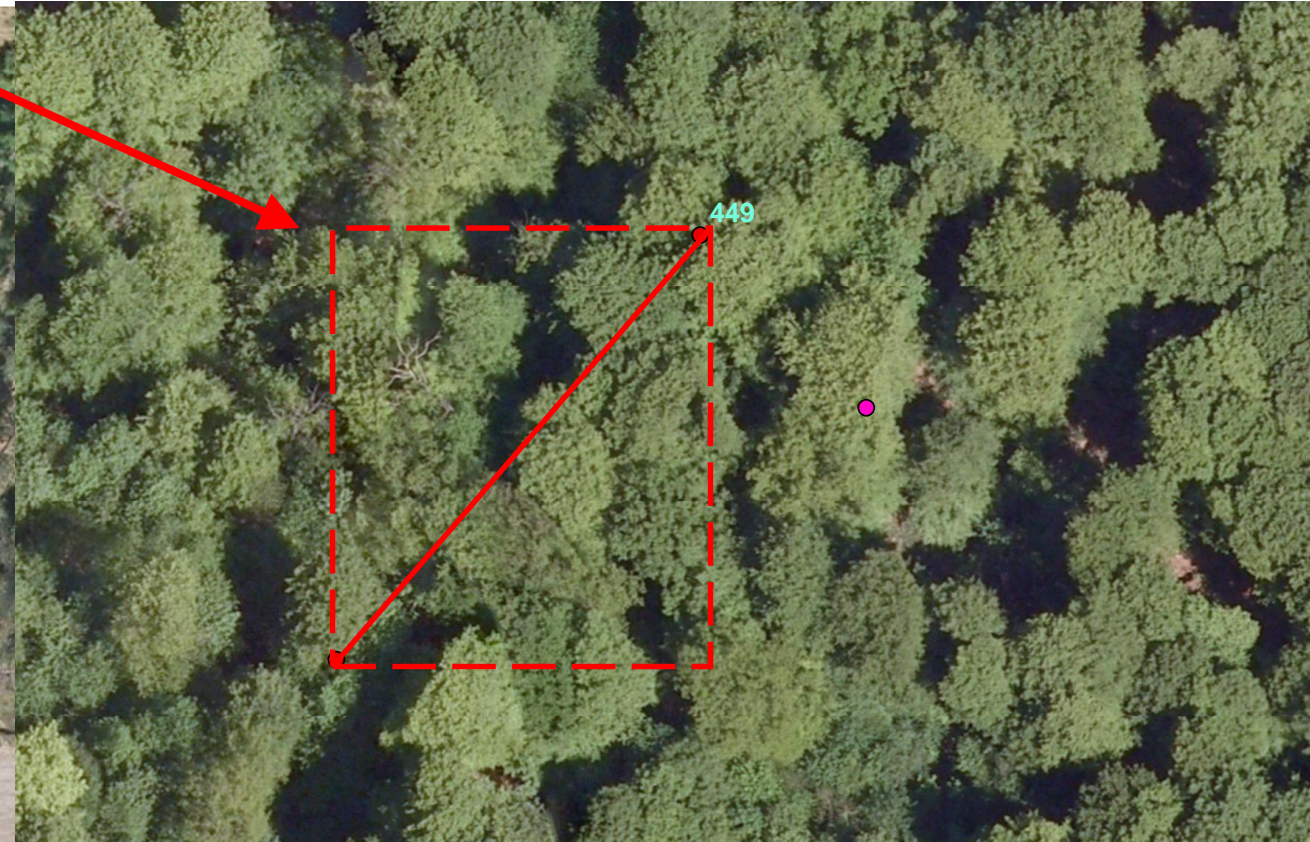
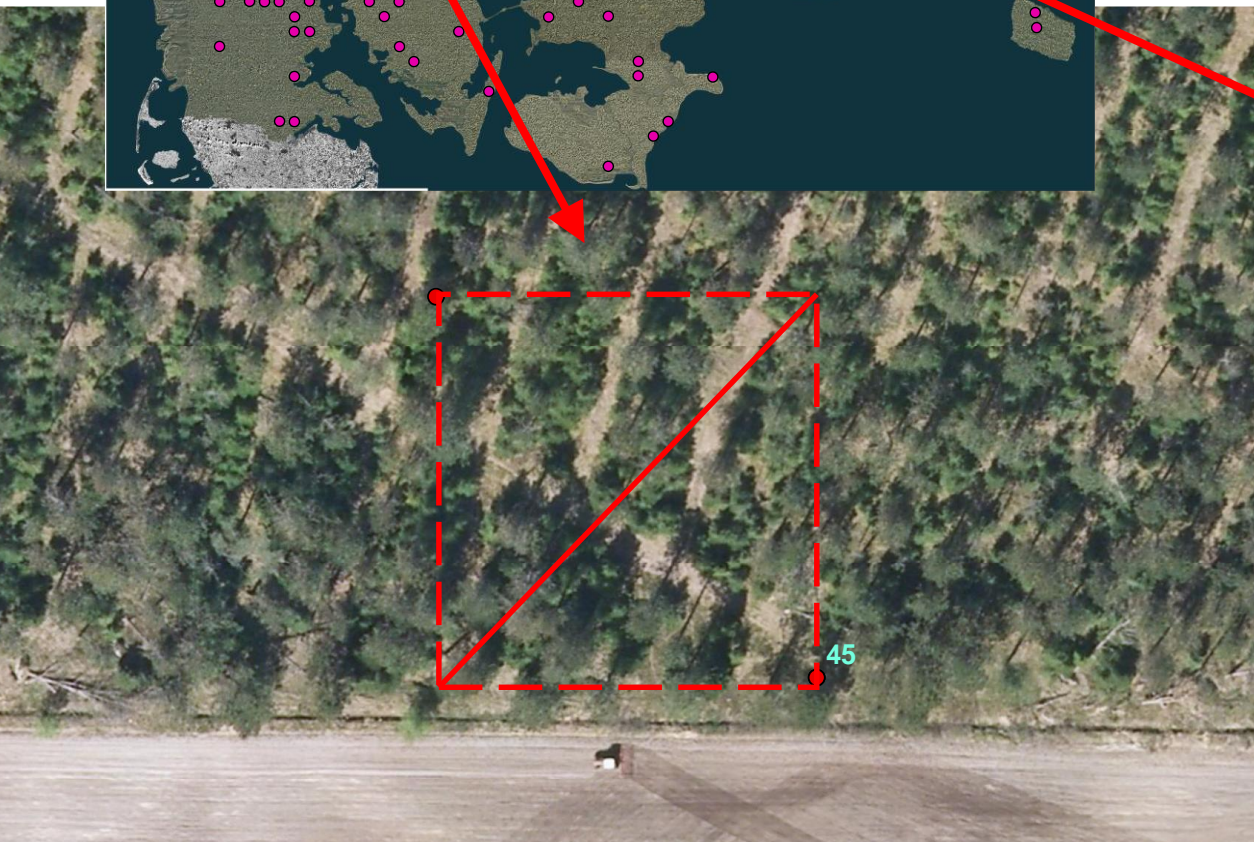
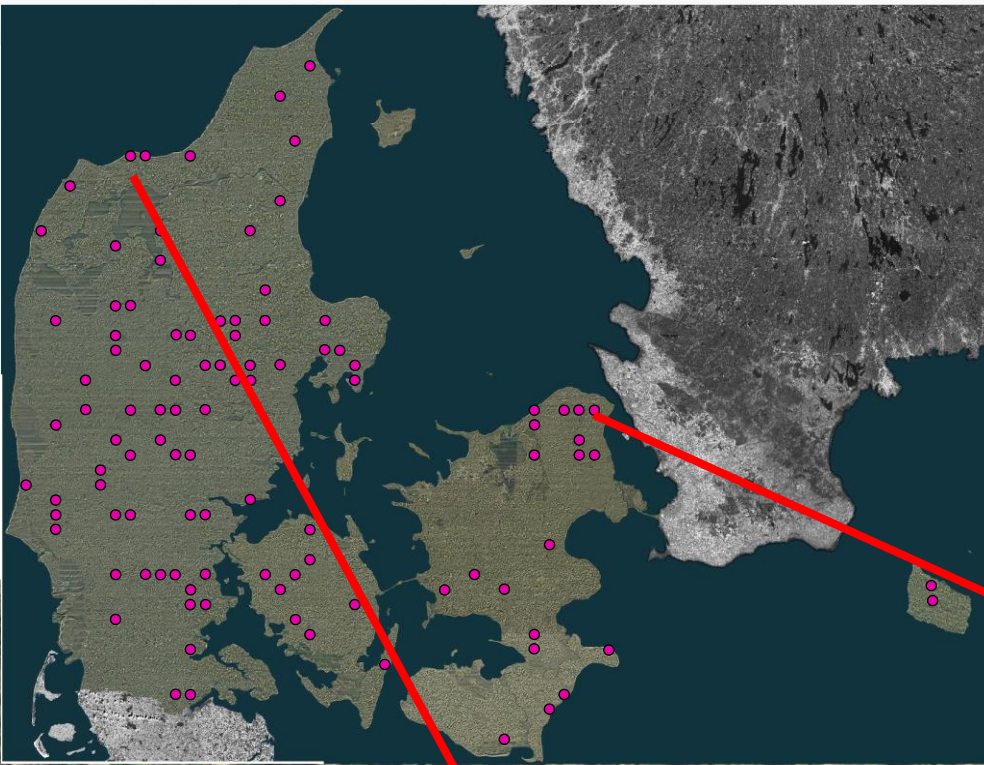
“National Forest Inventory”

- 200 x 200 m plot clusters in 2 x 2 km
- 140 clusters ~285 selected plots, r = 15 m
- 10 subsampling points per plot



Plot design in Nitrate Grid

- 50 x 50 m plot
- 1990: 16 samples collected randomly
- 2007-08: 10 samples collected equidistantly along diagonal transect
- 2017-18: 10 samples collected in the same positions along transects





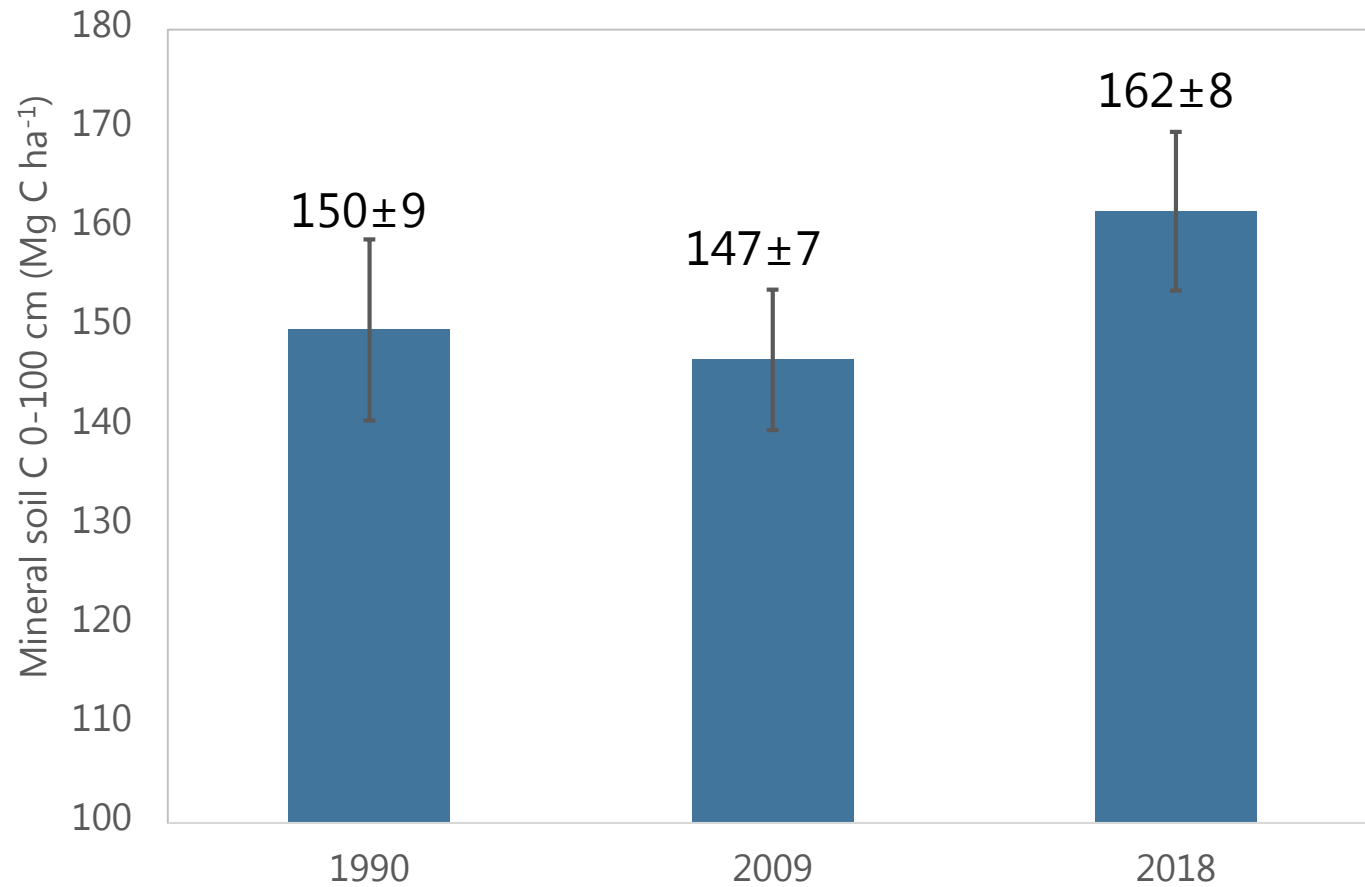
Sampling of forest floor and mineral soil



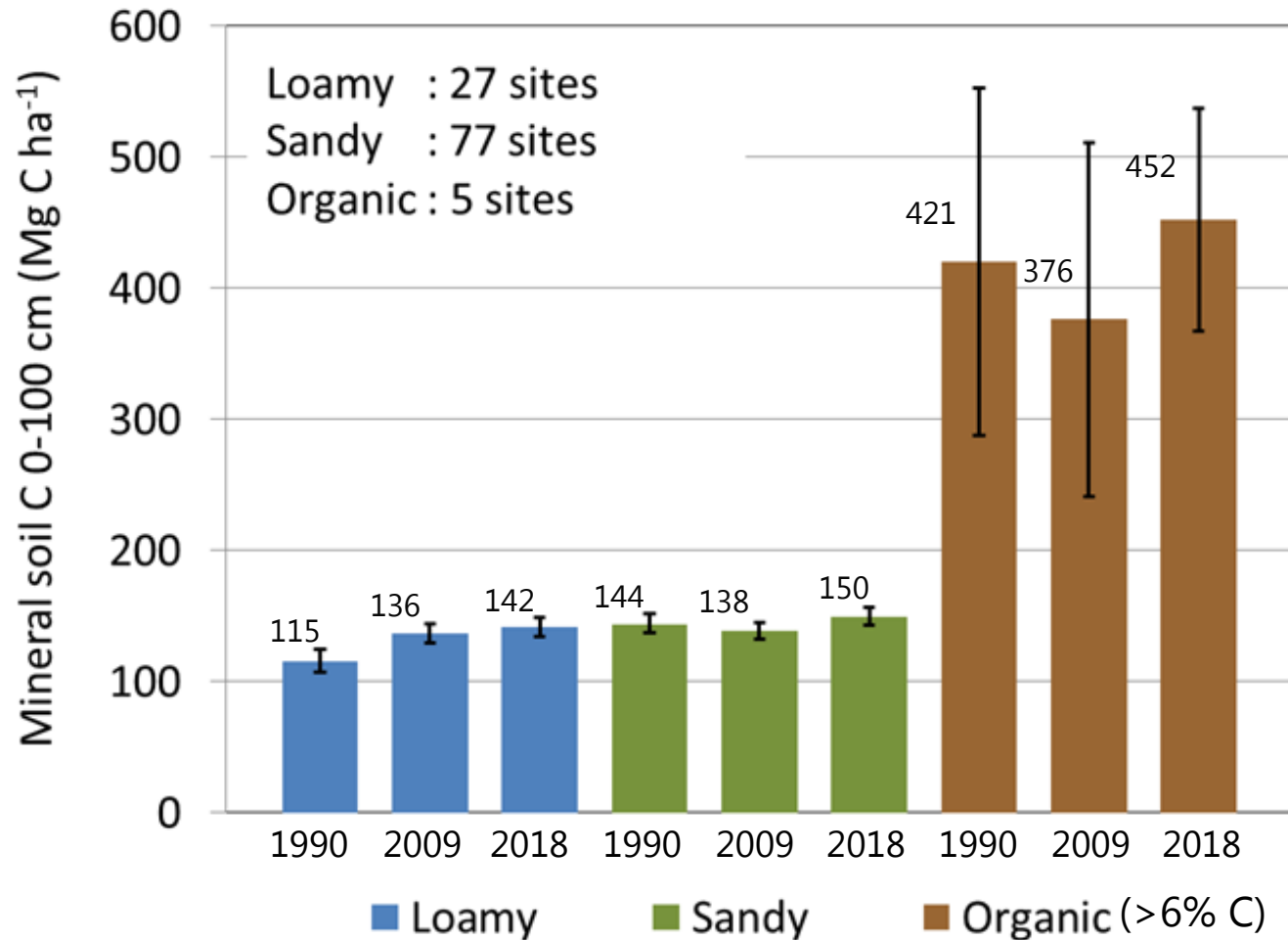
- Forest floor: 2008, 2018
- Mineral soil: 1990, 2008, 2018
- Forest floor sampled using frame
- Mineral soil sampled in 5 layers: 0-10, 10-25, 25-50, 50-75, 75-100 cm
- Bulk density by pedotransfer functions (further developed in subproject)



Mineral soil C stock – overall change 1990 – 2008 - 2018

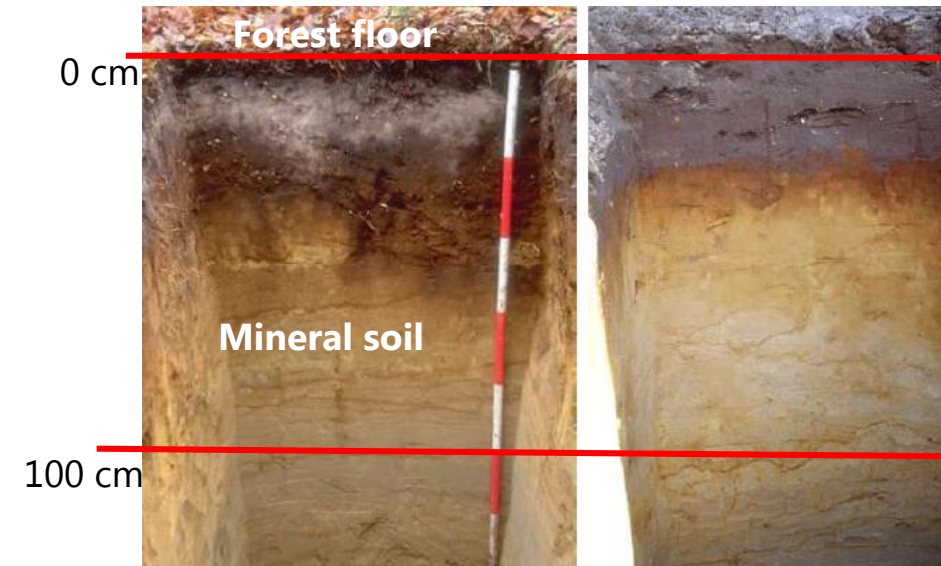
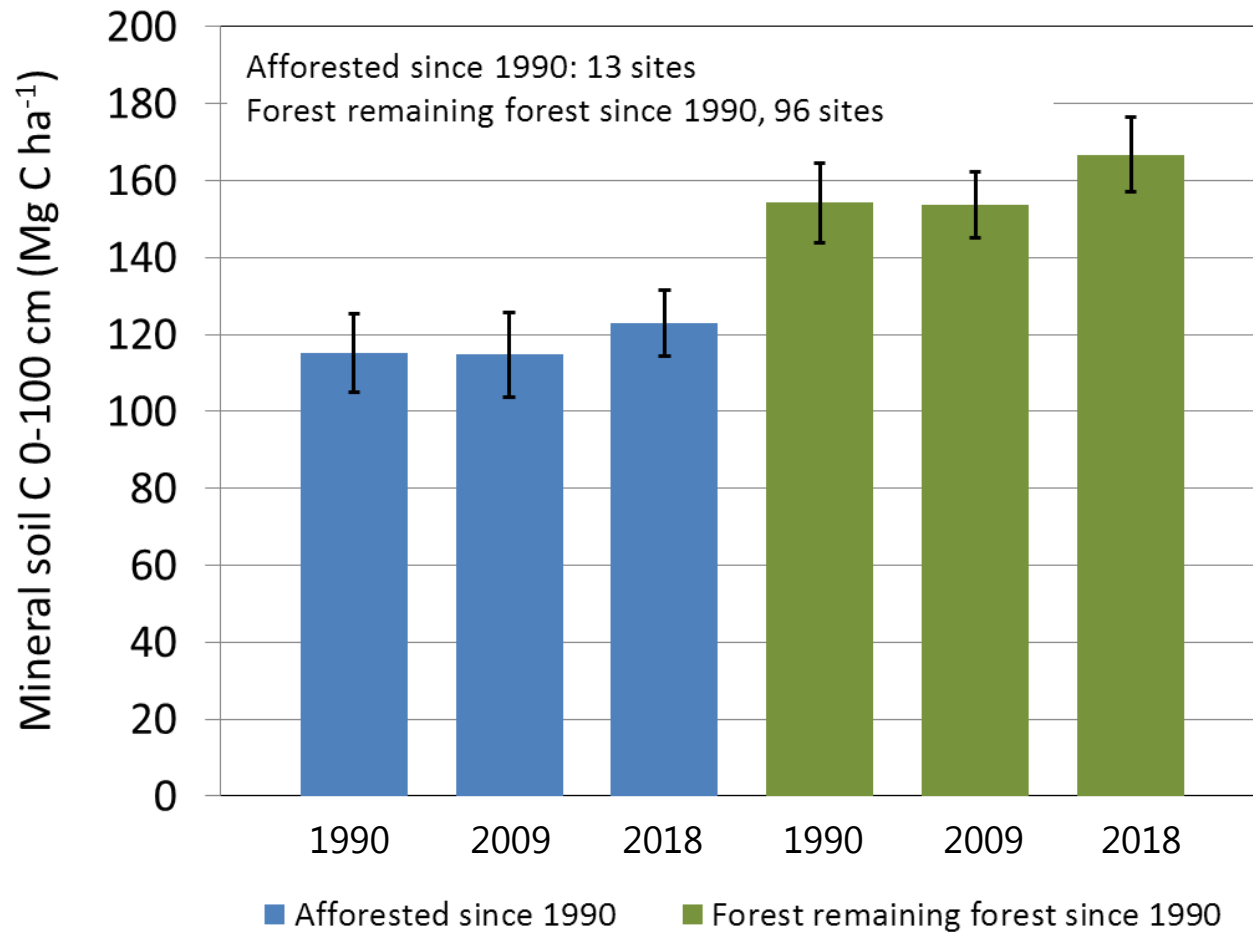


Mineral soil stock change by soil type 1990 - 2008 - 2018



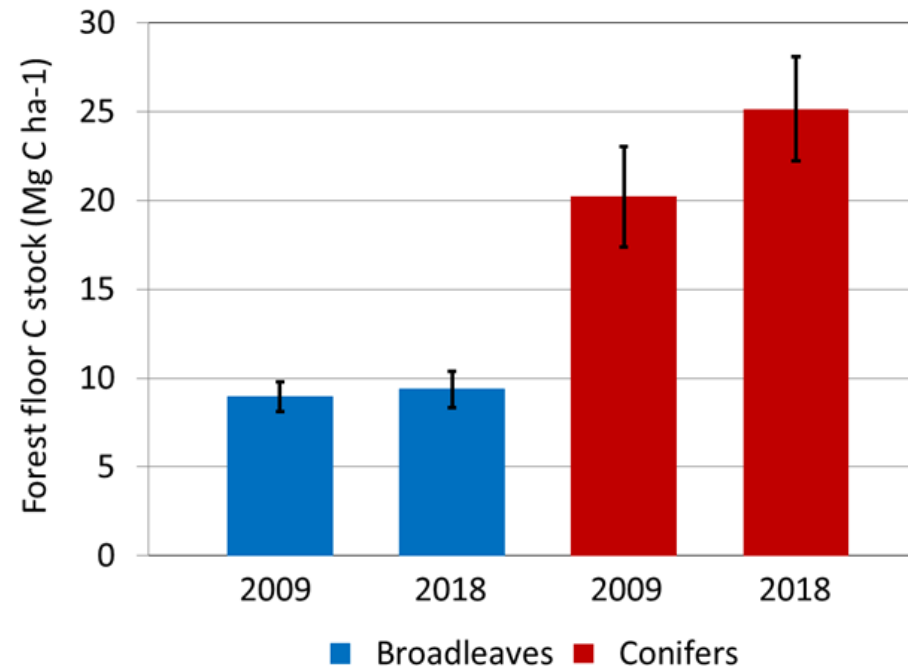
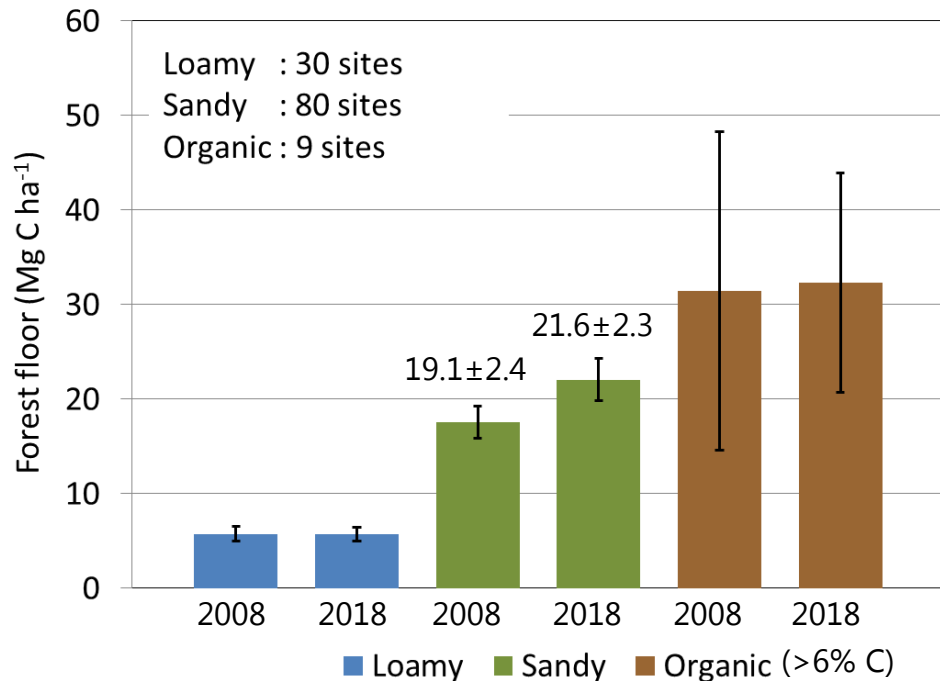
- Loamy soils increased in C stock
- Sandy soils were more stable

Mineral soil C stock change in “old forest” and “former cropland”



- Lower C stocks in former arable land
- Temporal pattern similar

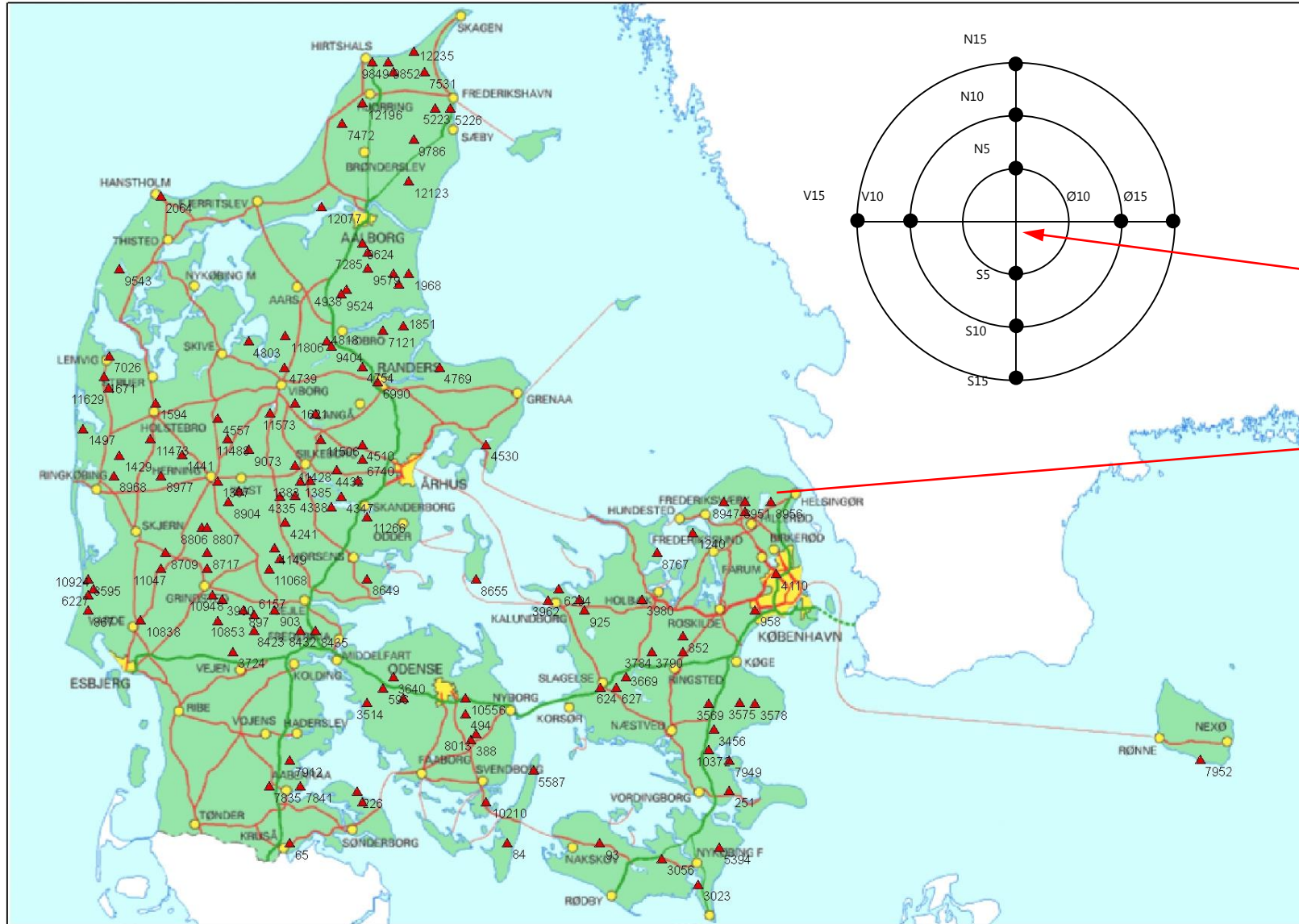
Forest floor C stock change 2008 – 2018 - by soil type and tree species group



- Sandy soils and soils with conifers increased
- Loamy soils had stable forest floor C stocks at ca. 6 Mg C ha⁻¹.

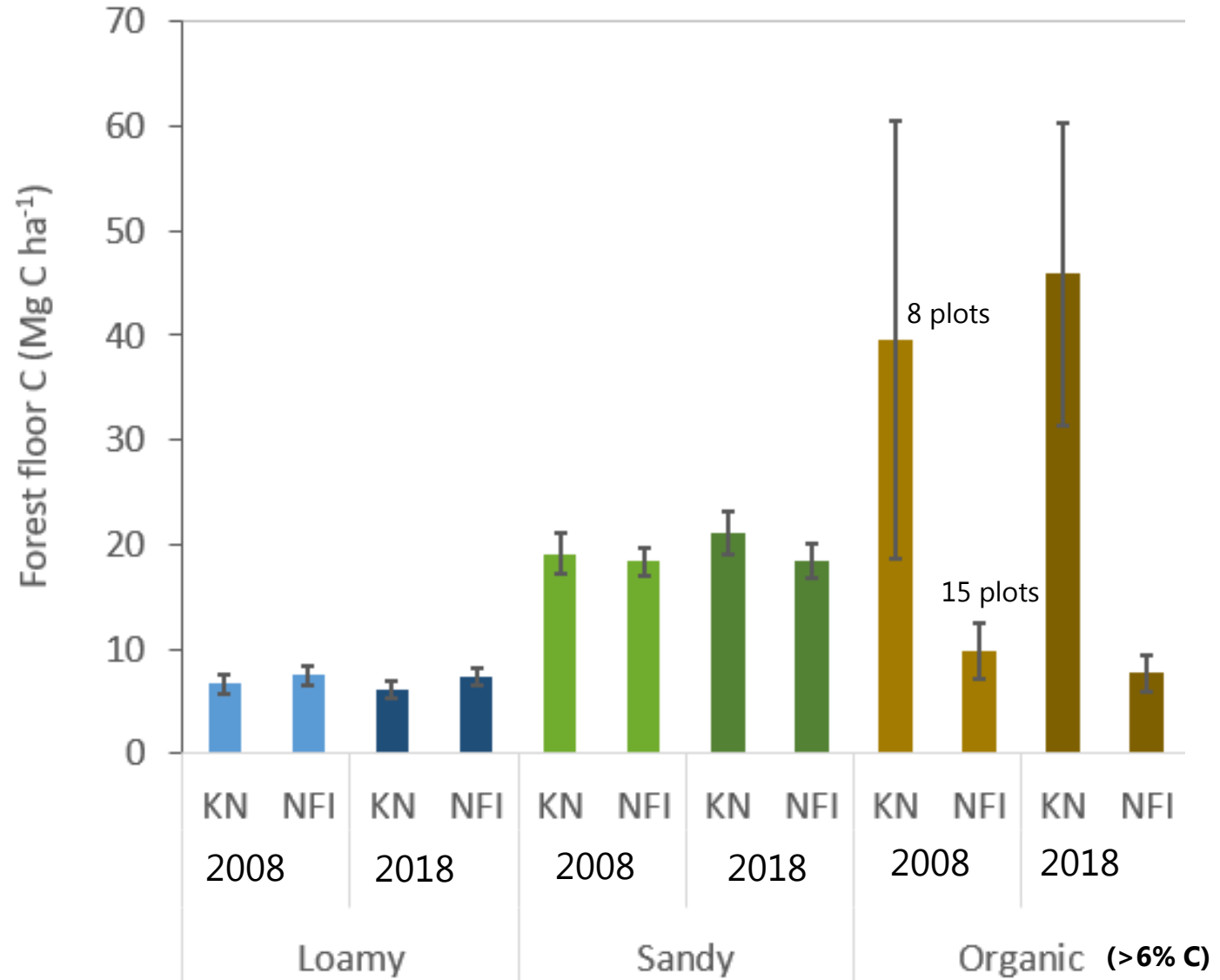
Extension of inventory to NFI plots

140 NFI clusters ~300 plots retrieved for soil sampling



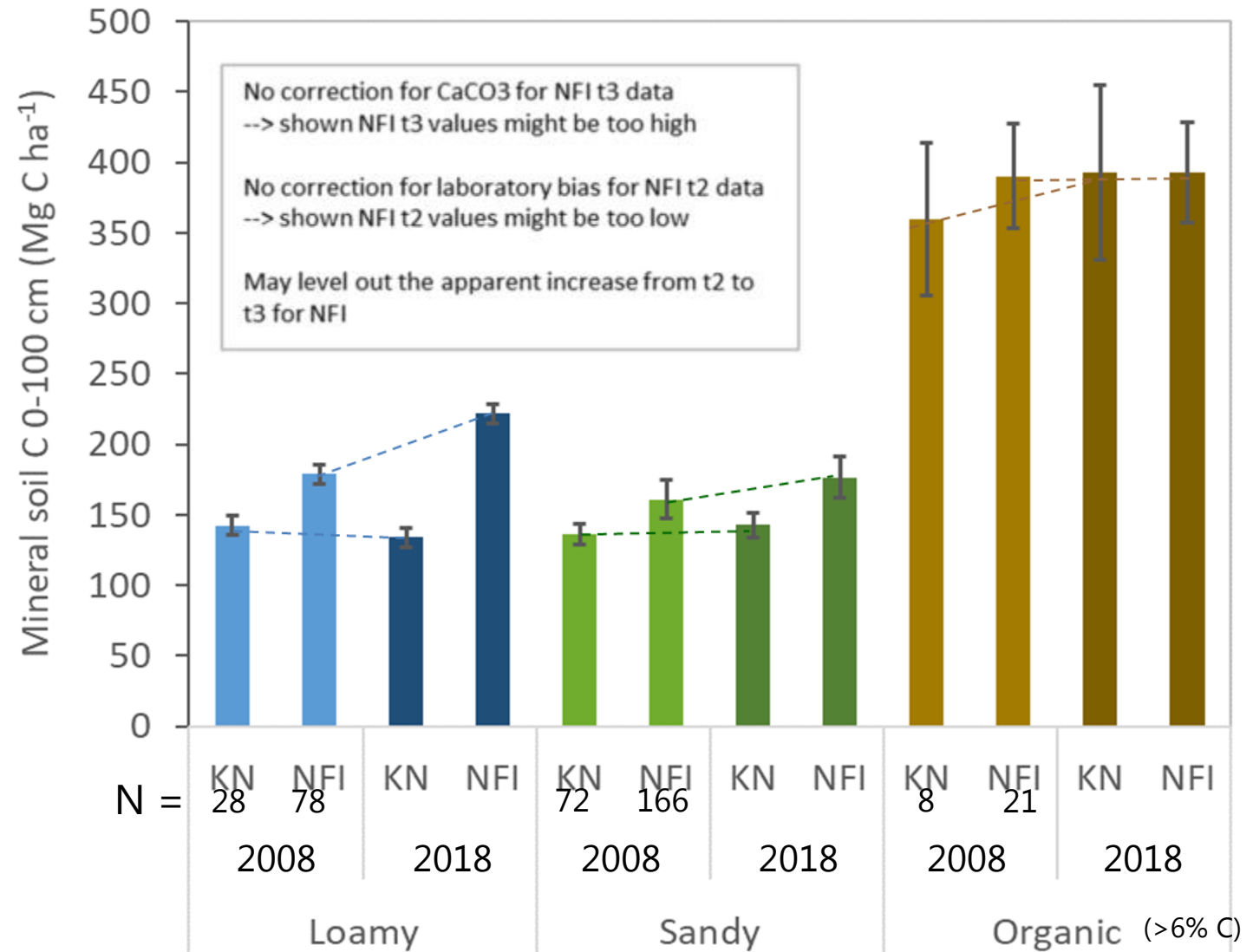
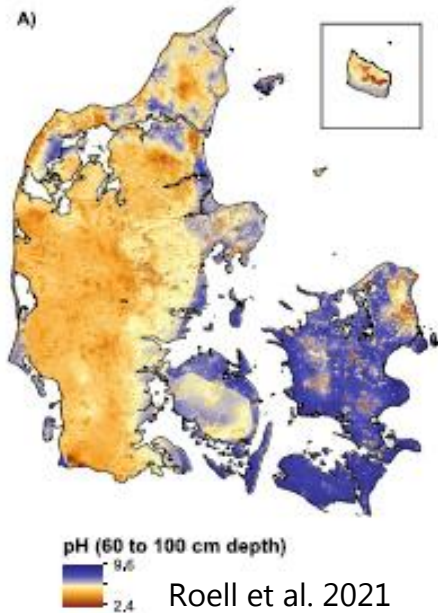
Forest floor C stock change in the two inventory networks – sneak peak...

- KN: 108 plots
- NFI: 265 plots
- Similar stocks except organic soils
- No clear change



Mineral soil C stock change in the two inventory networks – sneak peak...

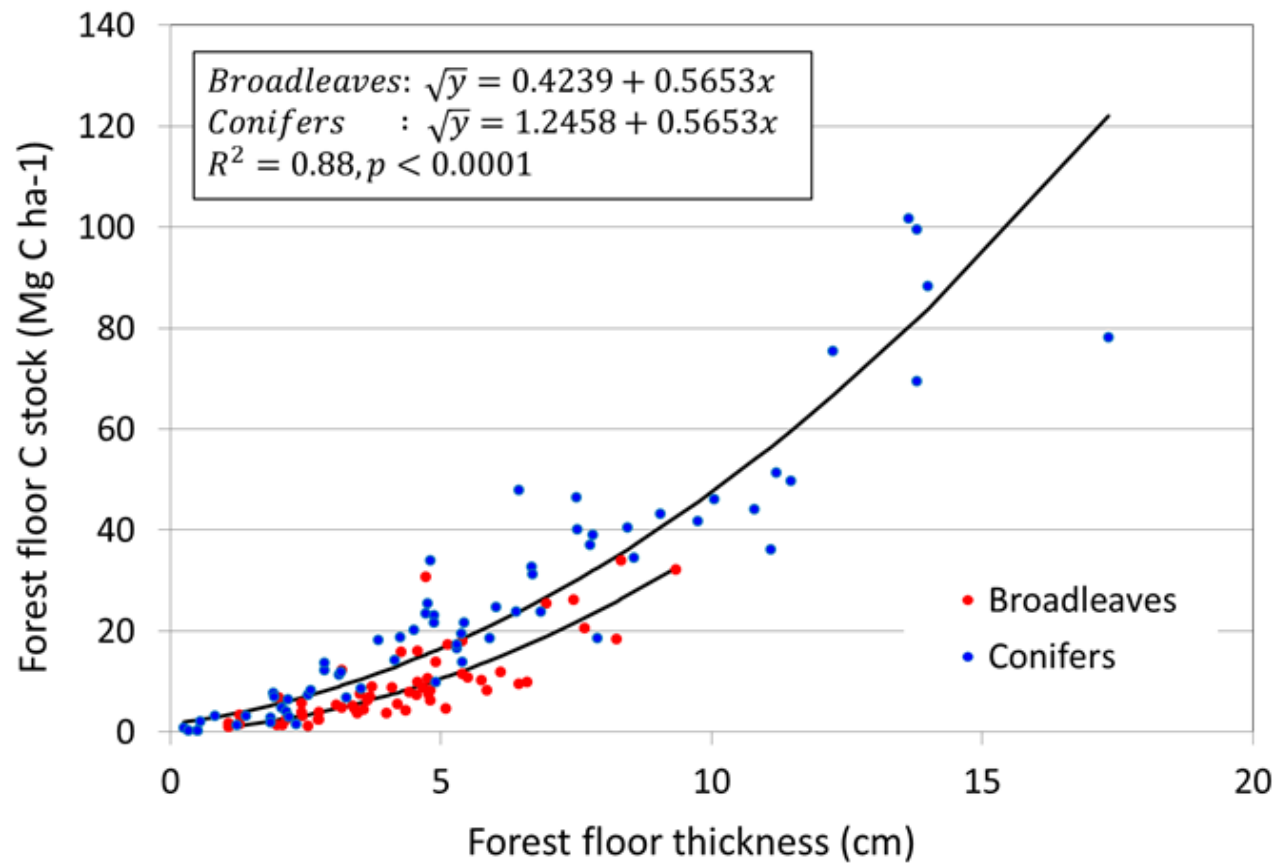
- KN: 108 plots
- NFI: 265 plots
- Higher stocks in NFI
- Increasing stocks in NFI
- Corrections to be implemented



Modelling forest floor C stock from forest floor thickness – pedotransfer functions



10 cm ~ 40 t C/ha



Conclusions, challenges and outlook

- Inventory networks established with other main aims, no forest floors sampled in 1990...more dynamic part of soil profile missing, corrections ongoing...
- Small temporal changes observed compared to variability
- Mineral soil C influenced by soil type (texture, drainage)
- Forest floor C influenced by tree species and soil type
- Forest floor C stocks can be predicted from NFI measurements of forest floor depth
- Merging of Nitrate Network (130 plots) with NFI (ca. 280 plots) expected to improve C stock change estimates



NFI plot 9849G 2010

Thank you!

-9849G
2/6-10
C->N

2019

9849G
2/6-10
C->N



Pedotransfer functions for bulk density – extension to soils >6% C - new measurements

