Environmental services from Nordic-Baltic forests: CAR-ES

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Nordic Forest Research (SNS)

Centre of Advanced Research on Environmental Services from Nordic Forest Ecosystems CAR-ES III (2016-2020/1)

- Network funded by SNS under the Nordic Council of Ministers that brings together Nordic and Baltic forest researchers
- Aims to provide the best scientific knowledge for informed decisionmaking on forest management, concerning provisioning of environmental services
- Focus: carbon sequestration, water and soil quality, biodiversity
- Core partners:



CAR-ES activities



Scientific aims

- Analyze how different forest management operations and strategies influence the supply of ES
- Analyze how ES respond and can be sustained at different forest management intensities
- Analyze how ES change, and the potential to enhance them, following land-use changes involving forest
- Analyze the status and interactions of ES under changing climatic conditions
- Develop communication and decision tools for taking into account the ES in forest policy and management



Operational aims

- Provide a platform for interdisciplinary communication in Nordic and Baltic countries
- Integrate and share knowledge on ES
- Coordinate research, i.e. reduce overlap, recognize gaps, improve the comparability of national research and contribute to national and international research agenda
- Share scientific tools, methodologies and data
- Identify hot issues requiring urgent scientific response, and initiate new research projects at the Nordic-Baltic scale, and/or at the European scale with a strong Nordic-Baltic component





Typical output per year

- 1-3 scientific meetings (workshops, seminars, congresses) organized alone or jointly with other networks, projects, etc.
- 5-10 scientific papers directly from CAR-ES; 10+ indirectly contributed to by CAR-ES
- 1-5 international project proposals; plus national proposals
- fact sheets, national communications
- contributions to practical guidelines, training events, and other forms of extension, often through projects



Trends in focus areas (% ES topics in scientific publications reported)





Trends in focus areas (% "activity" topics in scientific publications reported)





Examples of spin-off projects / projects with strong links to CAR-ES

- SNS-102 Environmental impact of shorter forest rotations
- SNS-106 Ash recycling long-term effects on tree growth
- SNS-110 Leaching of carbon, nitrogen and phosphorus from forest land in the Nordic and Baltic countries
- SNS-118 Ecological effects of intensive biomass harvesting in the Nordic and Baltic countries
- SNS-120 Anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions from organic forest soils: improved inventories and implications for sustainable management
- LIFE18 CCM/LV/001158 LIFE OrgBalt Demonstration of climate change mitigation potential of nutrient rich organic soils in Baltic States and Finland
- Interreg project Water management in Baltic Forests (WAMBAF)



Examples of outputs from CAR-ES and spin-off projects; trends over time

- Gundersen P, Laurén A, Finér L, et al. (2010) Environmental services provided from riparian forests in the Nordic countries. Ambio 39: 555– 566, <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-010-0073-9</u>
- Launiainen S, Futter MN, Ellison D, et al. (2013) Is the water footprint an appropriate tool for forestry and forest products – the Fennoscandian case. Ambio 43: pages 244–256, <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-013-0380-z</u>
- Ring E, Johansson J, Sandström C, et al. (2017) Mapping policies for surface water protection zones on forest land in the Nordic–Baltic region: Large differences in prescriptiveness and zone width. Ambio 46: 878–893, <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-017-0924-8</u>
- <u>Skogforsk (2019) Forest Buffers in The Baltic Sea (</u>educational YouTube film by WAMBAF)



Examples of outputs; diversity of topics

- Parts K, Tedersoo L, Schindlbacher A, et al. (2019) Acclimation of fine root systems to soil warming: Comparison of an experimental setup and a natural soil temperature gradient. Ecosystems 22: 457–472, <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/s10021-018-0280-y</u>
- Callesen I, Clarke N, Lazdinš A, et al. (2019) Nutrient release capability in Nordic and Baltic forest soils determined by dilute nitric acid extraction – Relationships with indicators for soil quality, pH and sustainable forest management. Ecological Indicators 96: 540-547, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolind.2018.09.027</u>
- Jauhiainen J, Alm J, Bjarnadottir B, et al. (2019) Greenhouse gas exchange data from drained organic forest soils – a review of current approaches and recommendations for future research. Biogeosciences 16: 4687-4703, <u>https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-16-4687-2019</u>
- Clarke N, Kiær LP, Kjønaas OJ, et al. (2021) Effects of intensive biomass harvesting on forest soils in the Nordic countries and the UK: A meta-analysis. Forest Ecology and Management 482, 118877, <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foreco.2020.118877</u>



Recent factsheets summarize some main aspects of the work – some more will follow

- <u>Centre of Advanced Research Environmental Services</u> (CAR-ES)
- Effects of intensive biomass harvesting on soil organic carbon and nutrients
- How much carbon is sequestered in soil after afforestation of agricultural land in Northern Europe?
- Forests and waters in the Nordic-Baltic region—highlights
 from the CAR-ES network
- <u>CAR-ES Key to soil quality: texture and mineralogy</u>



Thank you



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